Here are some of the mathematical concepts children should know by the end of year 5 .

Money


- Make sure your child knows what each coin looks like and the value.
- They need to understand that 10 p is the same as 10 lots of 1 p and 20 p is the same as 20 lots of 1 p or 10 lots of $2 p$.
Can they make $£ 1.54$ p in coins? What's the least coins they can use? The most? Can they make the number using 7 coins etc?
Can they add up the cost of some items on your shopping list? Give your child a receipt. What different combinations can they use to create the total?
Can they convert pounds to pence and vice versa?

Time


- Tell the time to the nearest minute.
- Use terms like a.m/p.m afternoon, noon, midnight.
- Can they compare the duration of 2 events?
- Know the number of seconds in a minute, days in each month and days in a year / leap year.
- Know the 24-hour clock and compare analogue and digital?
- Can they read a timetable?


## Measure

- Measure and estimate in cm and m
- Measure and estimate in $g$ and kg

- Measure and estimate in litres and ml
- Convert between measures. Kg to $\mathrm{g}, \mathrm{L}$ to ml , metres to cm and mm and vice versa.
- Calculate the perimeter of a rectangle

Could children help you to measure grams and ml when cooking? Can they measure their growth in $\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{cm}, \mathrm{mm}$ ?
Could the measure the perimeter of a book by measuring and adding up the length of each side?

## Number

- Can they read, write and compare numbers to 1 million?
- Find $10,100,1000$ more or less than a given number.
- Multiplication and division facts for all times tables up to $12 \times 12$ should be secure.
- Round a number to the nearest 10,100 and 1000.
- Add and subtract numbers with 4 digits.
- Multiply and divide by 10, 100 and 1000.

There are lots of songs, books and games to learn times tables.

## Shape

- Can they name common 2d and 3d shapes?
- Can they identify the number of faces, edges and vertices?


